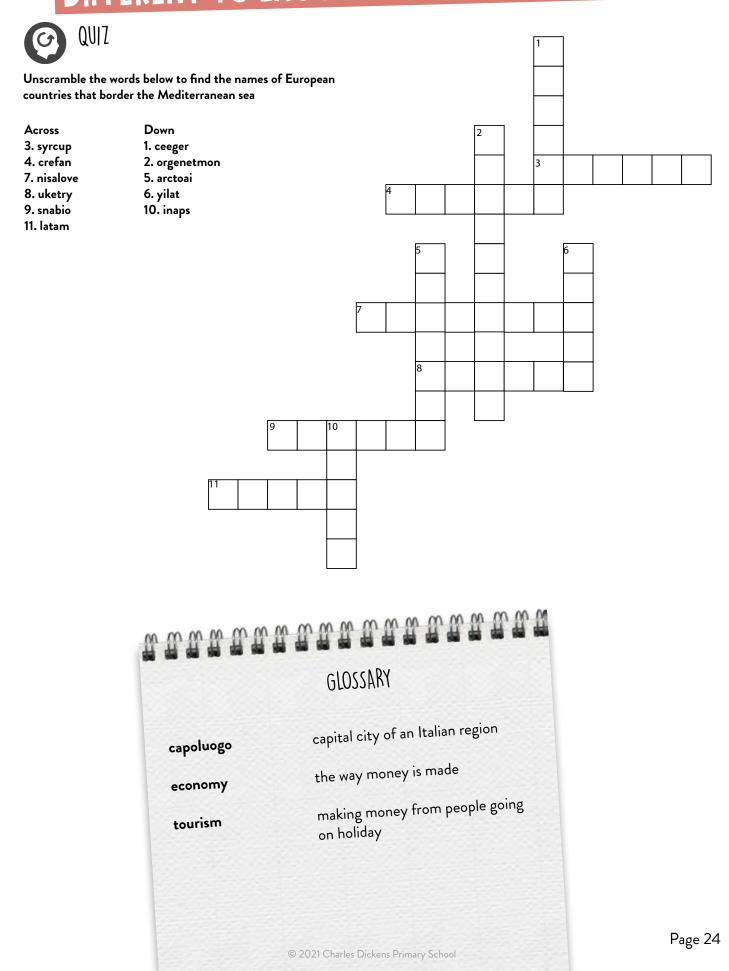
HOW ARE ITALIAN CITIES SIMILAR AND IFFERENT TO EACH OTHER AND TO LONDON?

Lesson 6





Lesson 6

Look at the map below. What physical features can you see?

THE GEOGRAPHY OF ITALY





ROME

nine Mountains

Pompei and

Vesuvius

NAPLES

ADRIATIC SEA













SICILY



Lesson 6

PART THREE: WHAT IS ROME LIKE?

Italy is in divided into 20 regions. Each region has a capital city, known as a capoluogo. Rome is the capital city of Italy and is also the capoluogo of the Lazio region. Its main river is the Tiber. The 2,840,000 citizens of Rome travel around the city by underground and by bus.

Rome is known as the Eternal City. This means it has always been a major city in world history. It was founded in 753BC by twins Romulus and Remus who built it around seven hills. Although Rome is the capital of the country, most of the businesses and banks in Italy are located in the northern cities. Tourism therefore forms an important part of the economy of the city.

There are many famous Roman buildings in Rome: the Colosseum, The Forum and The Pantheon. It is difficult to build new buildings in Rome because whenever the ground is dug up, new Roman artefacts are found!





PART FOUR: WHAT IS	LIKE?
CITY:	
REGION:	
BUILDINGS:	
TRANSPORT:	
PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY: (RIVERS/SEAS/MOUNTAINS)	
POPULATION:	
ECONOMY:	
HOW THE CITY STARTED:	



"" ?

PART FIVE: COMPARE AND CONTRAST

What are some similarities and differences between the Italian cities we have studied? How are they similar and different to London?

HOW ARE ROME AND LONDON SIMILAR? HOW ARE THEY DIFFERENT?

	WRITE LIKE A GEOGRAPHER
	Rome and London are similar because
1	
	Rome and London are similar but
1 1 1 1 1 1	
} 	Rome and London are similar so
by	
C 104	
	the second and the second and the second and the second and the